



Wet Flooded Lead Battery Safety Data Sheet

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

| | |
|-------------|------------|
| Document: | SDS 07 |
| Issue No: | 2 |
| Issue Date: | 21-03-2019 |

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Article
Product name : YBX1000, 3000, 5000, 7000, Cargo, Marine, Leisure, Garden & Pro-Spec Series Batteries (Wet Flooded Lead-Acid Batteries)

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Use of the article : Automotive, agricultural and commercial electric storage/starter battery.

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier: GS Yuasa Battery Europe Ltd
Address: Unit 22, Rassau Industrial Estate,
Ebbw Vale, NP23 5SD
United Kingdom

National Contacts

France: GS Yuasa Battery France S.A.
Contact: Christian RAYNAUD (Technical Manager)
Tel: (+33) 0474-95-90-95
e-mail: christian.raynaud@gs-yuasa.fr
Language: French & English

Germany: GS Yuasa Battery Germany GmbH
Contact: Joachim HEER (UPS / Project Manager)
Tel: (+49) 0211-41790-15
e-mail: Joachim.Heer@gs-yuasa.de
Language: German & English

Iberia: GS Yuasa Battery Iberia S.A.
Contact: Antonio PULIDO MARTINEZ (Director Commercial Industrial)
Tel: (+34) 091-748-89-19
e-mail: antonio.pulido@gs-yuasa.es
Language: Spanish & English

Italy: GS Yuasa Battery Italy Srl.
Contact: Marco FILIPPI (Technical Manager)
Tel: (+39) 02-3800-91-08
e-mail: marco.filippi@gs-yuasa.it
Language: Italian & English

UK: GS Yuasa Battery Sales UK Ltd.
Contact: Matt JORDAN (General Manager)
Tel: (+44) 01793-833-562
e-mail: Matt.Jordan@gs-yuasa.uk
Language: English language only

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +44(0)1793833555 (09:00– 17:00 Mon to Fri)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Mixture/Substance: SDS EU 2015: According to Regulation (EU) 2015/830 (REACH Annex II)

| | |
|---|--------|
| Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4 | H332 |
| Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A | H314 |
| Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A | H360Fd |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 | H372 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1 | H400 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1 | H410 |

Full text of H statements : see section 16

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No hazards in case of an intact battery and using according the instructions. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



Signal word (CLP) :

Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) :

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H332 - Harmful if inhaled
H360Fd - May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child
H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Precautionary statements (CLP) :

P201 - Obtain special instructions before use
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P264 - Wash ... thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

No hazards in case of an intact battery and using according the instructions. The battery should not be opened or burned. Exposure to the ingredients contained within or their combustion products could be harmful.

2.3. Other hazards

other hazards which do not result in classification

: Lead may be toxic to blood, kidneys, central nervous system.

PBT: not yet assessed

vPvB: not yet assessed

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|--|---|-----------|---|
| Lead | (CAS No) 7439-92-1 (EC no) 231-100-4 (REACH-no) not available | 66 - 68 | Repr. 1A, H360 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=10) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=10) |
| Sulfuric acid | (CAS No) 7664-93-9 (EC no) 231-639-5 (EC index no) 016-020-00-8 (REACH-no) not available | 20 - 23 | Skin Corr. 1A, H314 |
| Polypropylene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (CZ, LT, LV) | (CAS No) 9003-07-0 (EC no) 618-352-4 | 7 - 10 | Not classified |
| Antimony substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, BG, CZ, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LV, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SK) | (CAS No) 7440-36-0 (EC no) 231-146-5 (REACH-no) not available | 0.5 - 1.5 | Not classified |

Specific concentration limits:

| Name | Product identifier | Specific concentration limits |
|---------------|---|--|
| Sulfuric acid | (CAS No) 7664-93-9 (EC no) 231-639-5 (EC index no) 016-020-00-8 (REACH-no) not available | (5 =< C < 15) Eye Irrit. 2, H319 (5 =< C < 15) Skin Irrit. 2, H315 (C >= 15) Skin Corr. 1A, H314 |

Full text of H-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures after inhalation : If a battery ruptures, move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of mist. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention immediately.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing, including shoes, after flushing has begun. If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed skin.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed eye.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : If solution of a battery chemicals have been swallowed and the person is conscious, give one glass of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Vomiting may occur spontaneously. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : If a battery ruptures, may be harmful or fatal if inhaled in a confined area. May cause severe irritation and burns of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Direct contact with internal components of a battery can be severely irritating to the skin and may result in redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage. Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis condition. Skin contact may aggravate dermatitis.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : If a battery ruptures, direct contact with the liquid or exposure to vapours or mists may cause tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage and irreversible eye damage. May cause severe burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Severe irritation or burns to the mouth, throat, oesophagus, and stomach. May be fatal if swallowed.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. If a battery ruptures, use dry chemical, soda ash, lime, sand or carbon dioxide.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : Lead compounds and sulfuric acid fume may be released during a fire involving the product. Battery may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to excessive heat and may be result in the release of corrosive materials.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Protective equipment for firefighters : Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Avoid contact with spilled material. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective equipment.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate area.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

- Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
- Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.2. Environmental precautions

No additional information available

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- For containment : Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

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Methods for cleaning up : Small spills: collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container. . Take up liquid spill into absorbent material or Neutralize with sodium bicarbonate. Large spills: contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches. Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material, e.g.: sand/earth. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Protect from physical damage.
Precautions for safe handling : Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.
Hygiene measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation.
Storage conditions : Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

| Lead (7439-92-1) | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| EU | European BEI | (Medium: blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (binding biological limit value) 0,075 mg/m ³ (Medium: air - Time: 40 hours per week - Parameter: Lead (TWA medical surveillance threshold in air measured as a time weighted average over 40 hours per week) (Medium: blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance threshold measured in individual workers) |
| Austria | MAK (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (mg/m ³) | 0,4 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Bulgaria | Bulgaria - BEI | 300 µg/l (Medium: blood - Time: not fixed - Parameter: Lead (for women under 45 years old) 400 µg/l (Medium: blood - Time: not fixed - Parameter: Lead) |
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Croatia | Croatia - BEI | (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead (Medical surveillance should be carried out when the limit value of Lead in blood of workers >40 µg/100mL blood) (Medium: urine - Time: single sample or urine collected over 24 hours - Parameter: Lead (For all results that are expressed on Creatinine, Creatinine concentration <0.5 g/L and >3.0 g/L should not be considered) (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: .delta.- Aminolevulinic acid dehydratase) (Medium: blood - Time: after exposure during 2-3 months (light protected sample) - Parameter: Protoporphyrin in erythrocytes (Interference of Iron deficiency (anemia sideropenic)) |
| Cyprus | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |

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| Lead (7439-92-1) | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Czech Republic | Czech Republic - BEI | (Medium: urine - Time: discretionary - Parameter: 5-Aminolevulinic acid (For short term continual exposures <=30 calendar days) (Medium: urine - Time: discretionary - Parameter: Coproporphyrin (For short term continual exposures <=30 calendar days) (Medium: urine - Time: discretionary - Parameter: 5-Aminolevulinic acid (For short term continual exposures <=30 calendar days) (Medium: urine - Time: discretionary - Parameter: Coproporphyrin (For short term continual exposures <=30 calendar days) 0,4 mg/l (Medium: blood - Time: discretionary - Parameter: Lead) |
| Denmark | Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (dust, fume and powder) |
| Denmark | Denmark - BEI | (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead) |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (total dust) 0,05 mg/m ³ (respirable dust) |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (all works) |
| Finland | Finland - BEI | (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead) |
| France | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (restrictive limit) |
| France | France - BEI | 400 µg/l (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (biological limit value, men) 300 µg/l (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (biological limit value, women) 200 µg/l (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance value, men) 100 µg/l (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance value, women) |
| Germany | TRGS 903 (BGW) | 300 µg/l (Medium: whole blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (women age below 45 years) 400 µg/l (Medium: whole blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (women 45 years and older) |
| Gibraltar | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Gibraltar | Gibraltar - BEI | (Medium: blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (binding biological limit value) 0,075 mg/m ³ (Medium: air - Time: 40 hours per week - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance threshold measured in individual employees) (Medium: blood - Time: no restriction - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance threshold measured in individual employees) |
| Greece | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Hungary | AK-érték | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m ³) | 0,45 mg/m ³ (calculated) |
| Italy | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,075 mg/m ³ |
| Italy | Italy - BEI | (Medium: blood - Time: end of workweek (Lead remediation must be performed when workers of fertile age have Lead in blood levels >40 µg/100mL) |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,005 mg/m ³ |
| Latvia | Latvia - BEI | (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (reference value in blood for occupationally unexposed population <=10 µg/100 mL) (Medium: urine - Parameter: Coproporphyrin (reference value 22-57µg/g Creatinine) (Medium: urine - Parameter: Aminolevulinic acid (reference value 0.5-2.5mg/g Creatinine) |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) 0,07 mg/m ³ (respirable fraction) |
| Luxembourg | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |

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| Lead (7439-92-1) | | |
|-----------------------------|--|--|
| Luxembourg | Luxembourg - BEI | (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead) 0,075 mg/m ³ (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance threshold in air measured as a time weighted average over 40 hours per week) (Medium: blood - Parameter: Lead (medical surveillance threshold measured in individual workers) |
| Poland | NDS (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ (mandatory indicative limit value) |
| Romania | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Romania | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 0,10 mg/m ³ |
| Romania | Romania - BEI | 150 µg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Lead) (Medium: blood - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Lead) (Medium: hair - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Lead) 10 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: .delta.-Aminolevulinic acid) 300 µg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Coproporphyrin) (Medium: blood - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Erythrocytes protoporphyrin) |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Slovakia | Slovakia - BEI | 400 µg/l (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead) 100 µg/l (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead (women younger than 45 years of age) 15 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: not critical - Parameter: .delta.-Aminolevulinic acid) 6 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: not critical - Parameter: .delta.-Aminolevulinic acid (women younger than 45 years of age) 0,30 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: not critical - Parameter: Coproporphyrins) |
| Slovenia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Slovenia | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 0,4 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Spain | VLA-ED (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| Spain | | (Medium: blood - Time: not critical - Parameter: Lead (3,K) |
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (total inhalable dust) 0,05 mg/m ³ (total respirable dust) |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ |
| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 0,45 mg/m ³ (calculated) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (dust and fume) |
| Switzerland | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) |
| Switzerland | VLE (mg/m ³) | 0,8 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) |
| Switzerland | Switzerland - BEI | 400 µg/l (Medium: whole blood - Time: no restrictions - Parameter: Lead (men and women over 45 years old, X) 100 µg/l (Medium: whole blood - Time: no restrictions - Parameter: Lead (women less than 45 years old, X) |
| Australia | TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,15 mg/m ³ (dust and fume) |
| Canada (Quebec) | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| USA - ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| USA - IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m ³) | 100 mg/m ³ |
| USA - NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 0,050 mg/m ³ |
| USA - OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 50 µg/m ³ |
| Antimony (7440-36-0) | | |
| Austria | MAK (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (mg/m ³) | 5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Belgium | Limit value (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |

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| Antimony (7440-36-0) | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Denmark | Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ (powder) |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| France | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Greece | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Hungary | AK-érték | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Hungary | CK-érték | 2 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (mg/m ³) | 1,5 mg/m ³ (calculated) |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,2 mg/m ³ (metallic dust) |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Netherlands | Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Poland | NDS (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Romania | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,20 mg/m ³ |
| Romania | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 0,50 mg/m ³ |
| Romania | Romania - BEI | 1 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Antimony) |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ (total dust) |
| Slovenia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Slovenia | OEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 2 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Spain | VLA-ED (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m ³) | 0,25 mg/m ³ (total inhalable dust) |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| United Kingdom | WEL STEL (mg/m ³) | 1,5 mg/m ³ (calculated) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Switzerland | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) |
| Australia | TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Canada (Quebec) | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| USA - ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| USA - IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m ³) | 50 mg/m ³ |
| USA - NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| USA - OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 0,5 mg/m ³ |
| Polypropylene (9003-07-0) | | |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m ³) | 5 mg/m ³ (dust) |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 5 mg/m ³ (dust) |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m ³) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | | |
| EU | IOELV TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (taking into account potential limitations and interferences which take place in the presence of other Sulphur compounds-mist) |
| Austria | MAK (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (corresponds to 0.05 mg/m ³ Thoracic-inhalable fraction) |
| Austria | MAK Short time value (mg/m ³) | 0,2 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Belgium | Limit value (mg/m ³) | 0,2 mg/m ³ |
| Bulgaria | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (When choosing a suitable method for monitoring exposure should take into account potential constraints and interactions that may occur in the presence of other sulfur compounds-respirable aerosol) |
| Croatia | GVI (granična vrijednost izloženosti) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |

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| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|
| Cyprus | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (vapor) |
| Czech Republic | Expoziční limity (PEL) (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ 0,05 mg/m ³ (concentrated-mist) |
| Denmark | Grænseværdie (langvarig) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction-mist) |
| Estonia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ (fume) |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (8h) (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Finland | HTP-arvo (15 min) | 0,1 mg/m ³ |
| France | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction) |
| France | VLE (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ |
| Germany | TRGS 900 Occupational exposure limit value (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (The risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed-inhalable fraction) |
| Gibraltar | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (when selecting an appropriate exposure monitoring method, account should be taken of potential limitations and interferences that may arise in the presence of other sulphur compounds-thoracic fraction) |
| Greece | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (mist) |
| Hungary | AK-érték | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland | OEL (8 hours ref) (ppm) | 0,05 ppm |
| Ireland | OEL (15 min ref) (ppm) | 0,15 ppm (calculated) |
| Italy | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (When choosing a suitable method for monitoring exposure should take into account potential constraints and interactions that may occur in the presence of other sulfur compounds, respirable fraction-thoracic fraction, mist) |
| Latvia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (possible limitations and the impact that may result from the presence of other Sulfur components should be taken into account when choosing an appropriate exposure monitoring method-fog, which is defined as the thoracic fraction) |
| Lithuania | IPRV (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (vapor) |
| Lithuania | TPRV (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ (fog-vapor) |
| Luxembourg | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Malta | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (mist) |
| Netherlands | Grenswaarde TGG 8H (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (defined as thoracic fraction-mist) |
| Poland | NDS (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction) |
| Portugal | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction-mist) |
| Romania | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ |
| Slovakia | NPHV (priemerná) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ |
| Slovenia | OEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction, fog) |
| Spain | VLA-ED (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (indicative limit value-mist) |
| Sweden | nivågränsvärde (NVG) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ |
| Sweden | kortidsvärde (KTV) (mg/m ³) | 0,2 mg/m ³ |
| United Kingdom | WEL TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,05 mg/m ³ (mist) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (AN) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Norway | Grenseverdier (Korttidsverdi) (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction) |
| Switzerland | VME (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) |
| Switzerland | VLE (mg/m ³) | 0,1 mg/m ³ (inhalable dust) |
| Australia | TWA (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ |
| Australia | STEL (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ |
| Canada (Quebec) | VECD (mg/m ³) | 3 mg/m ³ |
| Canada (Quebec) | VEMP (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ |
| USA - ACGIH | ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³) | 0,2 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction) |
| USA - IDLH | US IDLH (mg/m ³) | 15 mg/m ³ |
| USA - NIOSH | NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ |

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| | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | | |
| USA - OSHA | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³) | 1 mg/m ³ |

8.2. Exposure controls

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Appropriate engineering controls | : Mechanical ventilation is recommended. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. |
| Personal protective equipment | : Safety glasses. Gloves. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. |
| Hand protection | : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. |
| Eye protection | : Chemical goggles or face shield with safety glasses. DIN EN 166 |
| Skin and body protection | : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. |
| Respiratory protection | : In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with Type A/P2 filter or better. |



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid |
| Appearance | : Off-white cloudy liquid with solid object. |
| Colour | : No data available |
| Odour | : No data available |
| Odour threshold | : No data available |
| pH | : < 1 (sulfuric acid) |
| Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) | : No data available |
| Melting point | : 327,5 °C (Lead) |
| Freezing point | : No data available |
| Boiling point | : 1740 °C (Lead at 1013hPa) |
| Flash point | : Non-flammable |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : No data available |
| Decomposition temperature | : No data available |
| Flammability (solid, gas) | : Not applicable |
| Vapour pressure | : No data available |
| Vapour pressure at 50 °C | : 1,33 hPa (Lead at 373 °C) |
| Relative vapour density at 20 °C | : No data available |
| Relative density | : No data available |
| Density | : 11,34 g/m ³ (Lead) |
| Solubility | : Soluble in water. |
| Log Pow | : No data available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : No data available |
| Viscosity, dynamic | : No data available |
| Explosive properties | : No data available |
| Oxidising properties | : No data available |
| Explosive limits | : No data available |

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions.

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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Overcharging. Remove all sources of ignition. If battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials and alkaline materials. Mechanical impact.

10.5. Incompatible materials

If battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials and alkaline materials. If battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials and alkaline materials.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Lead compounds and sulfuric acid fumes may be released during a fire involving the product.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Inhalation:dust,mist: Harmful if inhaled.

| | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Antimony (7440-36-0) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 7 g/kg |
| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 2140 mg/kg |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l) | 510 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 2 h) |

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
pH: < 1 (sulfuric acid)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Serious eye damage, category 1, implicit
pH: < 1 (sulfuric acid)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Lead (7439-92-1) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 0,44 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [semi-static]) |
| LC50 fish 2 | 1,17 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through]) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | 600 µg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea) |
| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | 82 mg/l (Exposure time:24 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static]) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|
| Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9) | |
| BCF fish 1 | (no bioaccumulation) |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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PBT: not yet assessed

vPvB: not yet assessed

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12.6. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

| | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Regional legislation (waste) | : Dispose of contents/container to comply with applicable local, national and international regulations. |
| Waste treatment methods | : Recycling the product is recommended. Waste must be disposed of in accordance with federal, state, and local environmental control regulations. |
| Waste disposal recommendations | : Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal. Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. |

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN

14.1. UN number

| | |
|---------------|--------|
| UN-No. (ADR) | : 2794 |
| UN-No. (IMDG) | : 2794 |
| UN-No. (IATA) | : 2794 |
| UN-No. (ADN) | : 2794 |
| UN-No. (RID) | : 2794 |

14.2. UN proper shipping name

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Proper Shipping Name (ADR) | : BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID |
| Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) | : BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID |
| Proper Shipping Name (IATA) | : Batteries, wet, filled with acid |
| Proper Shipping Name (ADN) | : BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID |
| Proper Shipping Name (RID) | : BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID |
| Transport document description (ADR) | : UN 2794 BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, 8, (E), ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS |
| Transport document description (IMDG) | : UN 2794, 8, MARINE POLLUTANT/ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS |

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) (ADR) | : 8 |
| Danger labels (ADR) | : 8 |

IMDG

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) | : 8 |
| Danger labels (IMDG) | : 8 |

IATA

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) | : 8 |
| Hazard labels (IATA) | : 8 |

AND

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) (ADN) | : 8 |
| Danger labels (ADN) | : 8 |

RID

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Transport hazard class(es) (RID) | : 8 |
| Danger labels (RID) | : 8 |

14.4. Packing group

| | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| Packing group (ADR) | : Not applicable |
| Packing group (IMDG) | : Not applicable |
| Packing group (IATA) | : Not applicable |
| Packing group (ADN) | : Not applicable |
| Packing group (RID) | : Not applicable |

14.5. Environmental hazards

| | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Dangerous for the environment | : Yes |
| Marine pollutant | : Yes |
| Other information | : No supplementary information available |

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14.6. Special precautions for user

- Overland transport

Classification code (ADR) : C11
Special provisions (ADR) : 295, 598
Limited quantities (ADR) : 1l
Packing Instructions (ADR) : P801, P801A
Excepted quantities (ADR) : E0
Transport category (ADR) : 3
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 80
Orange plates :



Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : E
EAC code : 2R

- Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG) : 295
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 1 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E0
Packing instructions (IMDG) : P801
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-B
Stowage category (IMDG) : A

- Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E0
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Forbidden
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : Forbidden
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 870
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 30kg
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 870
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : No Limit
Special provisions (IATA) : A51, A164, A183
ERG code (IATA) : 8L

- Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : C11
Special provisions (ADN) : 295, 598
Limited quantities (ADN) : 1 L
Excepted quantities (ADN) : E0
Equipment required (ADN) : PP, EP
Number of blue cones/lights (ADN) : 0

- Rail transport

Classification code (RID) : C11
Special provisions (RID) : 295, 598
Limited quantities (RID) : 1 L
Excepted quantities (RID) : E0
Packing instructions (RID) : P801, P801A
Transport category (RID) : 3
Special provisions for carriage – Bulk (RID) : VW14
Colis express (express parcels) (RID) : CE8
Special provisions for carriage – Bulk (RID) : 80

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Contains no substance on the REACH candidate list

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

15.1.2. National regulations

Germany

12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV : Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

Netherlands

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : Sulfuric acid is listed

SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Borstvoeding : Lead is listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : Lead is listed

NIET-limitatieve lijst van voor de voortplanting giftige stoffen – Ontwikkeling : Lead is listed

Denmark

Classification remarks : Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed

Recommendations Danish Regulation : Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product
Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No additional information available

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

According to Regulation (EU) 2015/830 (REACH Annex II).

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Acute Hazard, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment — Chronic Hazard, Category 1 |
| Repr. 1A | Reproductive toxicity, Category 1A |
| Skin Corr. 1A | Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A |
| STOT RE 1 | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1 |
| H314 | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled |
| H360 | May damage fertility or the unborn child |
| H360Fd | May damage fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child |
| H372 | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects |

SDS EU (REACH Annex II)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product